

Cryptography

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Homework Sheet 2
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Homework 1.

1. We consider the function $\varphi \in \mathcal{S}_5$ given as follows:

i	1	2	3	4	5
$\varphi(i)$	2	1	4	5	3

Compute $\text{ord}(\varphi)$ in (\mathcal{S}_5, \circ) .

2. We consider the function $\varphi \in \mathcal{S}_{10}$ given as follows:

i	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
$\varphi(i)$	2	1	4	5	3	8	10	9	7	6

Compute $\text{ord}(\varphi)$ in $(\mathcal{S}_{10}, \circ)$.

3. For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, we consider the cyclic left shift $\varphi \in \mathcal{S}_n$ given as follows:

i	1	2	...	$n-1$	n
$\varphi(i)$	2	3	...	n	1

Compute $\text{ord}(\varphi)$ in (\mathcal{S}_n, \circ) .

Homework 2.

Check whether the following structures $(\mathcal{R}, \oplus, \odot)$ are rings or even fields. In case of a ring, check whether it is zero-divisor free, i.e., whether the following property holds:

$$\forall x, y \in \mathcal{R}: \quad x \odot y = o \implies x = o \text{ or } y = o.$$

Above, o denotes the neutral element w.r.t. \oplus .

- a) We consider the set $\mathcal{R} := \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ of all pairs of integers equipped with the following binary operations:

$$\forall (a, b), (c, d) \in \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}: \quad (a, b) \oplus (c, d) := (a+c, b+d) \quad (a, b) \odot (c, d) := (a \cdot c, b \cdot d).$$

Above, $+$ and \cdot denote the standard addition and multiplication in \mathbb{Z} .

- b) Let \mathcal{R} be the set of all subsets of \mathbb{Z} . We equip \mathcal{R} with the following binary operations:

$$\forall A, B \in \mathcal{R}: \quad A \oplus B := A \cup B \quad A \odot B := A \cap B.$$

Above, \cup and \cap denote the standard union and intersection operators for sets.

- c) Let $\mathcal{R} \subset \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{R}}$ be given by

$$\mathcal{R} := \{f \in \mathcal{T}_{\mathbb{R}} \mid \exists a \in \mathbb{R} \forall x \in \mathbb{R}: f(x) = ax\}.$$

We equip \mathcal{R} with the binary operations defined by

$$\forall f, g \in \mathcal{R} \forall x \in \mathbb{R}: \quad (f \oplus g)(x) := f(x) + g(x) \quad (f \odot g)(x) := g(f(x)).$$

Homework 3.

Solve the following systems of linear equations in the field \mathbb{Z}_{23} :

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 3x_1 & + & 19x_3 = 11 \\ 2x_1 + 14x_2 + 12x_3 & = & 2 \\ 17x_1 + 10x_2 + 5x_3 & = & 17, \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{rcl} 9x_1 + 2x_2 + 20x_3 & = & 9 \\ 2x_1 + 4x_2 + 20x_3 & = & 9 \\ x_1 + 5x_2 + 3x_3 & = & 14. \end{array}$$

Homework 4.

Compute the smallest natural number which solves the subsequently stated system of congruences:

$$\begin{array}{l} x \equiv 1 \pmod{11} \\ x \equiv 2 \pmod{12} \\ x \equiv 3 \pmod{13}. \end{array}$$