

Cryptography

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Exercise Sheet 3
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Exercise 1.

For a set $S := \{e, u, v, x, y, z\}$, we consider the group $(S, *)$ which is given by the following Cayley-table.

| | | | | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| $*$ | e | u | v | x | y | z |
| e | e | u | v | x | y | z |
| u | u | v | e | y | z | x |
| v | v | e | u | z | x | y |
| x | x | z | y | e | v | u |
| y | y | x | z | u | e | v |
| z | z | y | x | v | u | e |

Determine the order of all its elements and deduce that $(S, *)$ is not cyclic. Verify the relation $\langle \{u, x\} \rangle = S$.

Exercise 2.

We consider the group $(\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}, +)$ of all pairs of integers equipped with the componentwise addition, i.e.,

$$\forall (k, \ell), (u, v) \in \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}: \quad (k, \ell) + (u, v) := (k + u, \ell + v).$$

Show that $(\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}, +)$ is not cyclic. Verify the relation $\langle \{(2, 1), (1, 1)\} \rangle = \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$.

Exercise 3.

Let (G, \cdot) be a cyclic group generated by $a \in G$ and $n := \text{ord}(a)$. Prove that $\langle \{a^m\} \rangle = \langle \{a^d\} \rangle$, for any $m \in \mathbb{N}$ and $d := \text{gcd}(m, n)$.

Exercise 4.

- a) We set $\mathbb{Z} + \sqrt{3}\mathbb{Z} := \{k + \sqrt{3}\ell \mid k, \ell \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ and equip this set with the standard addition $+$ and multiplication \cdot . Show that $\mathbb{Z} + \sqrt{3}\mathbb{Z}$ is closed under $+$ and \cdot . Observing that $(\mathbb{R}, +, \cdot)$ is a ring, deduce that $(\mathbb{Z} + \sqrt{3}\mathbb{Z}, +, \cdot)$ is a ring, too. Is it a field?
- b) We set $\mathbb{Q} + \sqrt{3}\mathbb{Q} := \{r + \sqrt{3}s \mid r, s \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ and equip this set with the standard addition $+$ and multiplication \cdot . Show that $(\mathbb{Q} + \sqrt{3}\mathbb{Q}, +, \cdot)$ is a field.