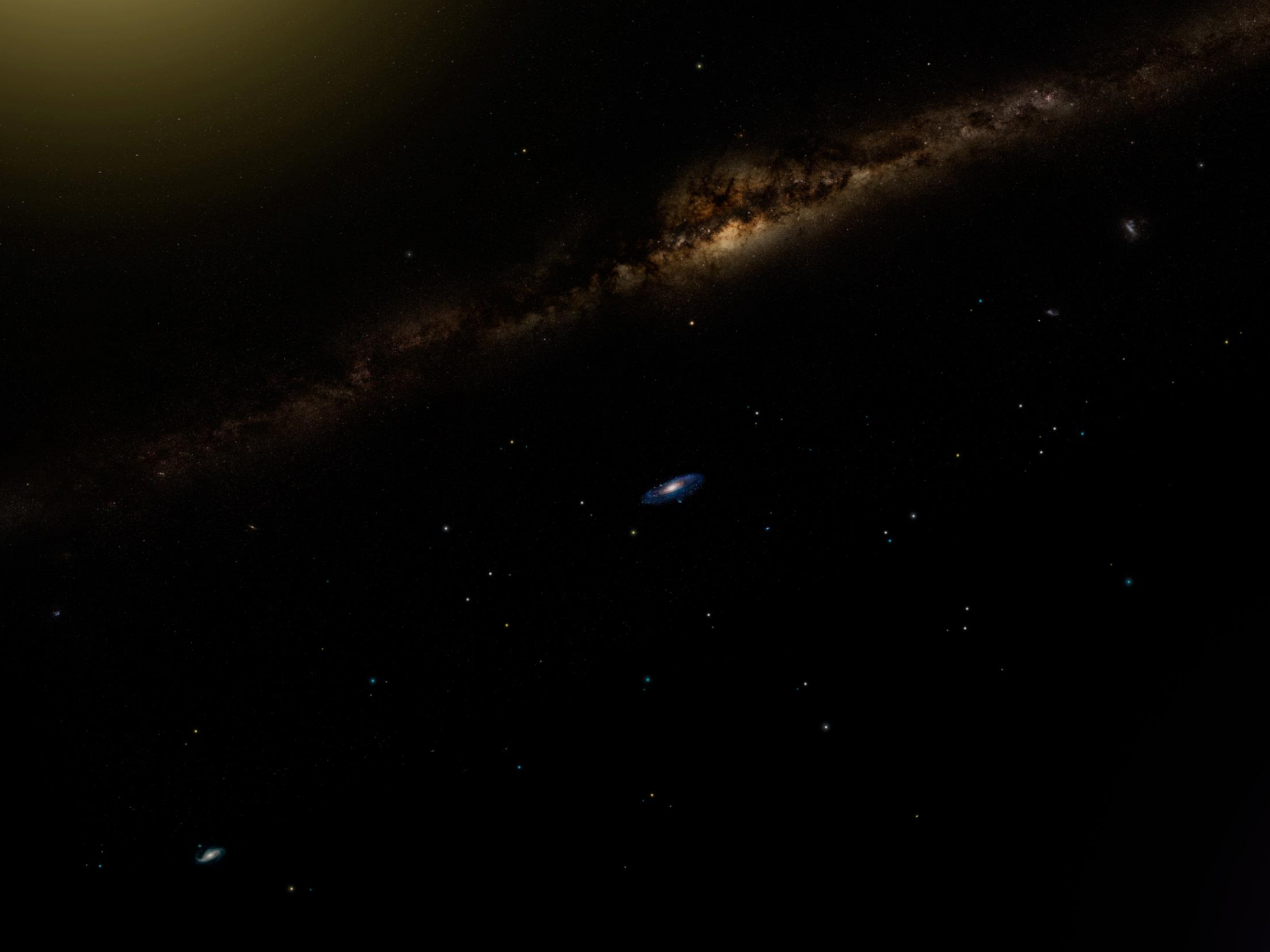
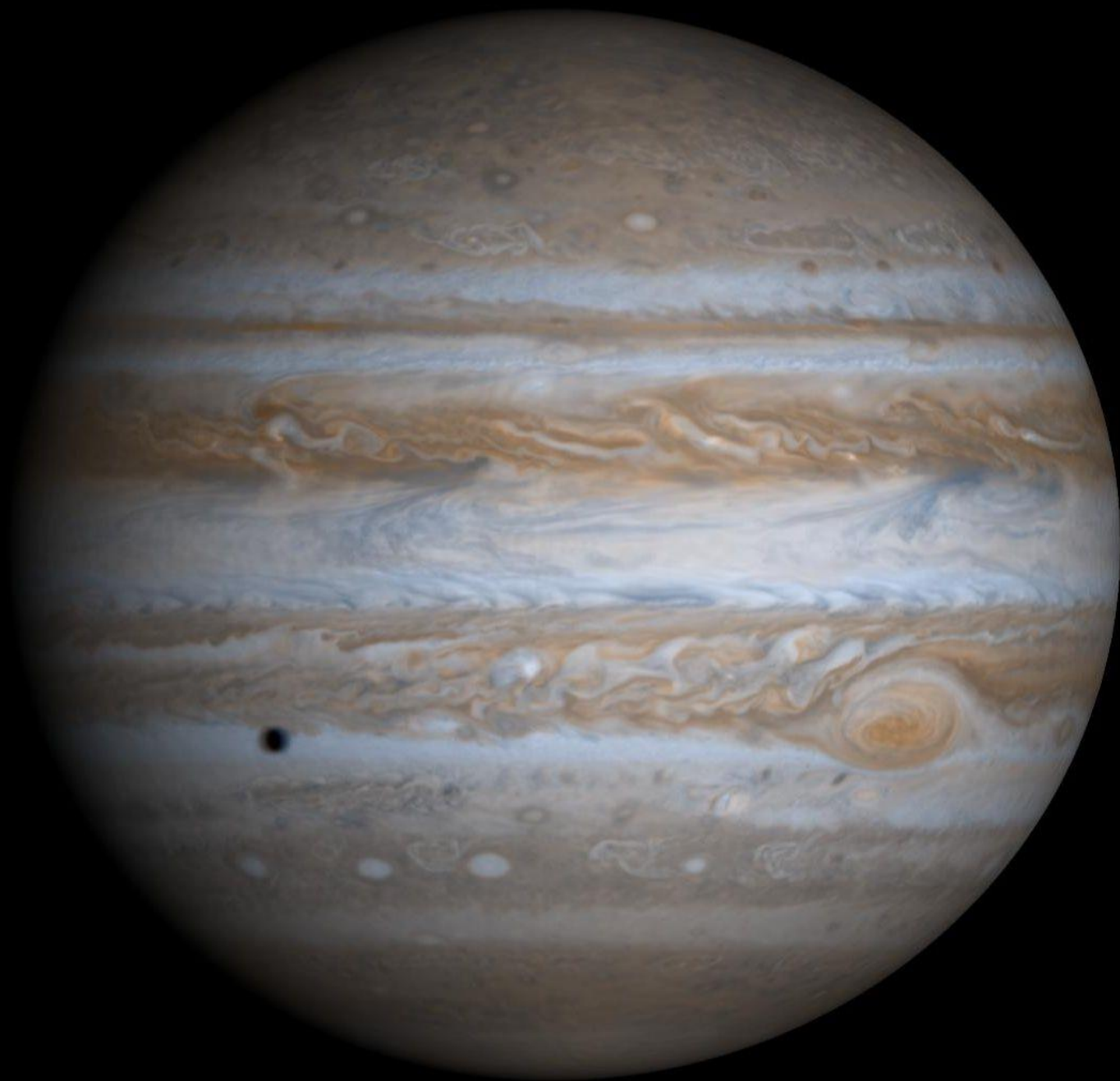


FESTKOLLOQUIUM

anlässlich des 60. Geburtstages von
Prof. Dr.-Ing. Arnold Kühhorn

Lokale Schwingungen und Wellen
in nichtlinearen physikalischen Systemen
Norbert Hoffmann, Imperial College London







富嶽三十六景 神奈川 浪裏



Disk Drives

such situation.

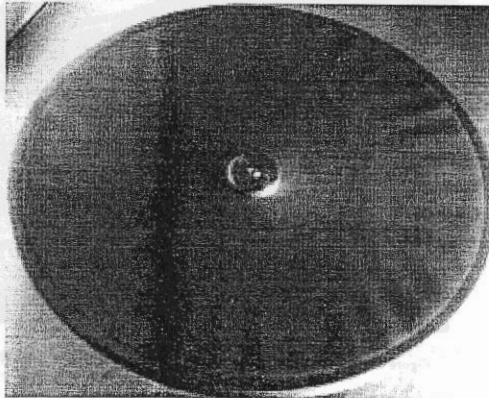


Figure 4. SPINNING DISK WITH HARMONIC WAVE

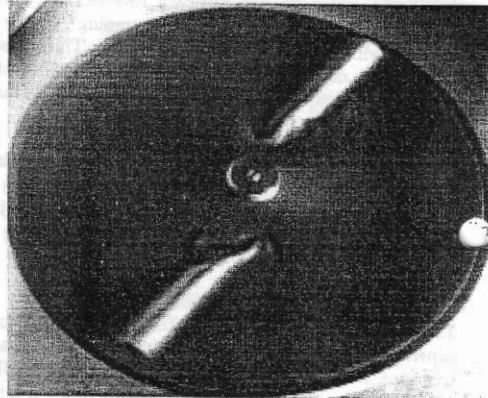


Figure 6. SPINNING DISK WITH TWO SOLITARY WAVES

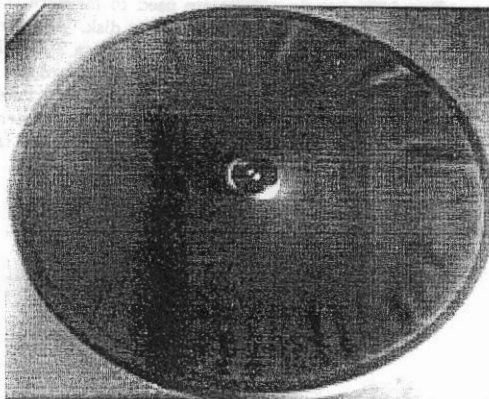


Figure 5. SPINNING DISK WITH NON-COHERENT WAVE PATTERN

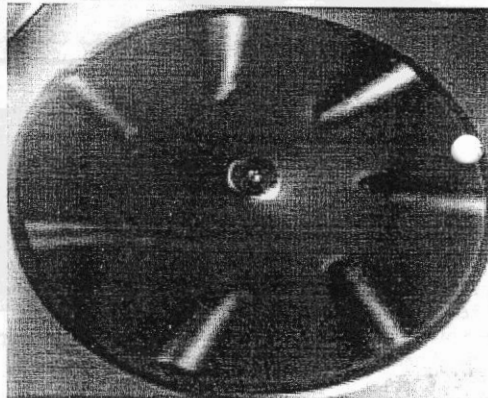


Figure 7. SPINNING DISK WITH SEVEN SOLITARY WAVES

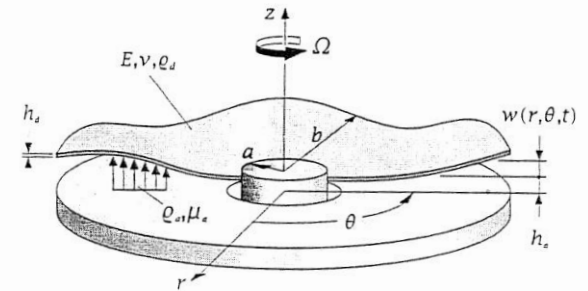
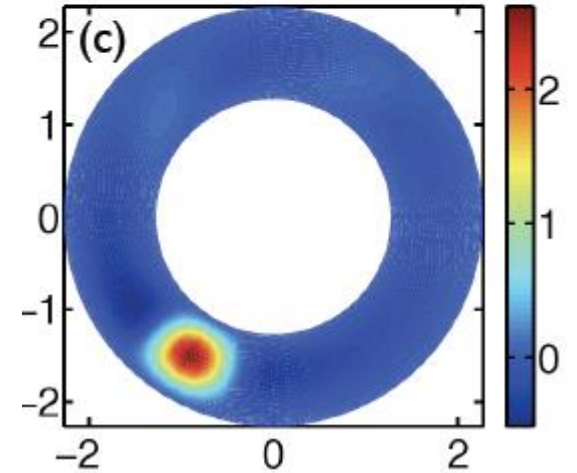
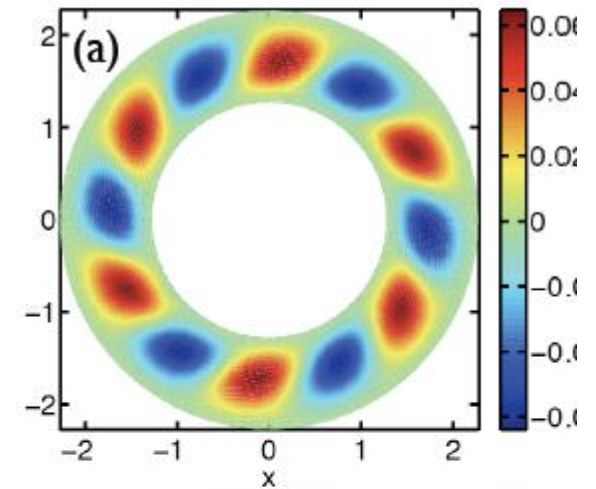
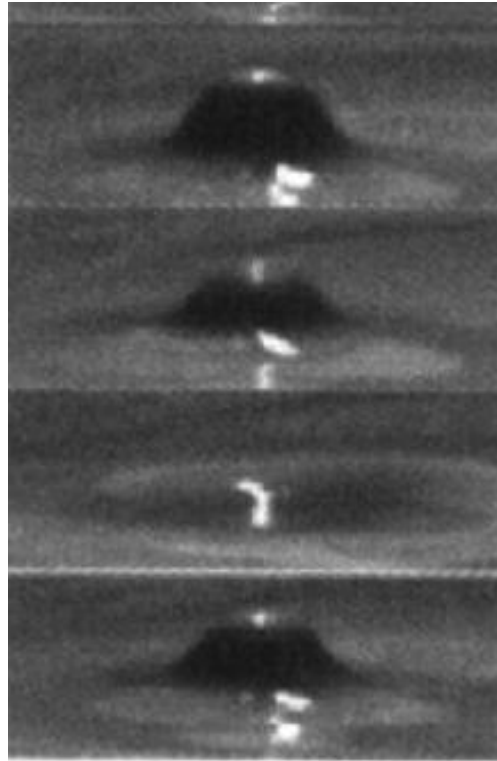
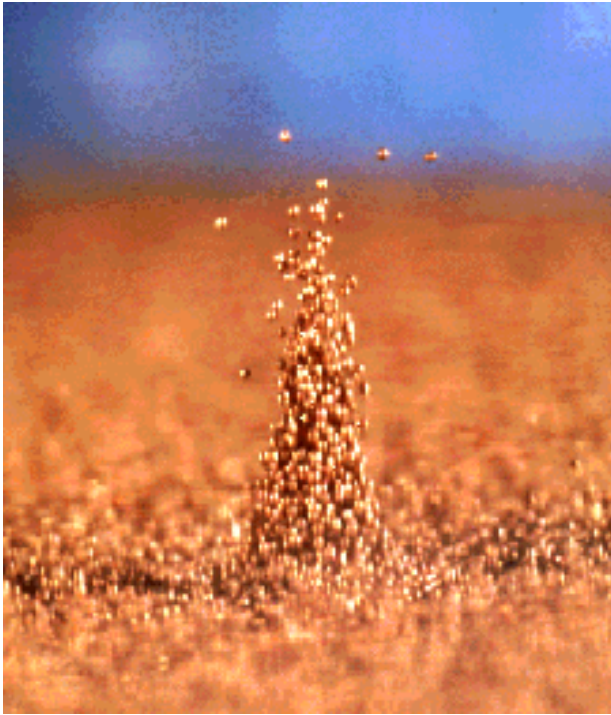


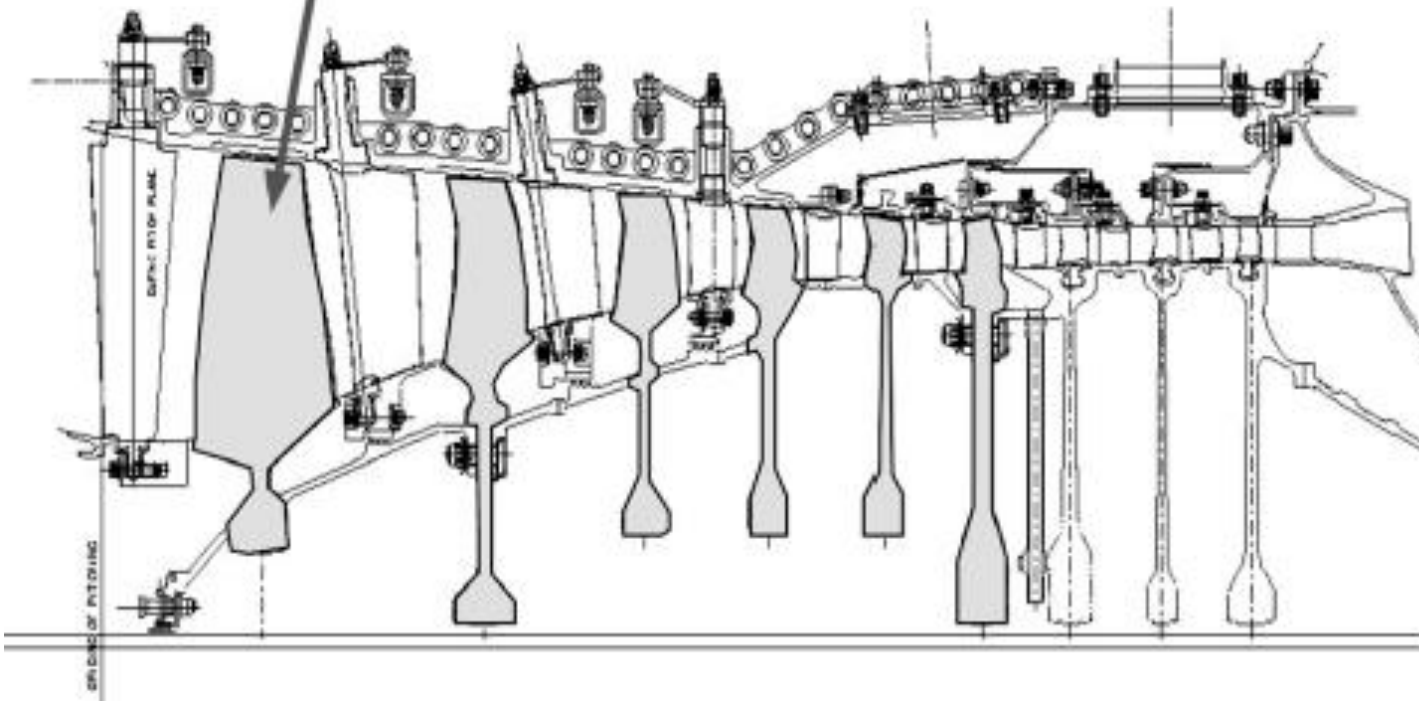
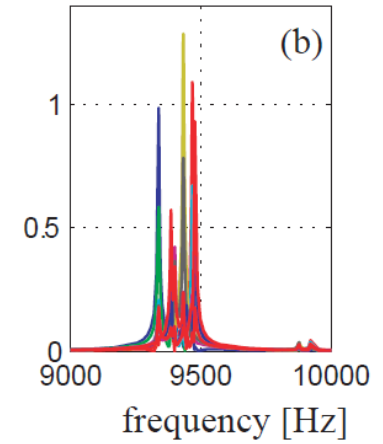
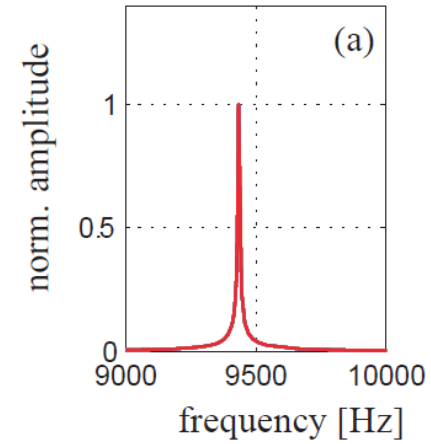
Figure 1. FLEXIBLE DISK SPINNING ON AN AIR-FILM NEXT TO A STATIONARY BACK-UP PLATE

Periodische und solitäre Deformationszustände in rotierenden Scheiben.

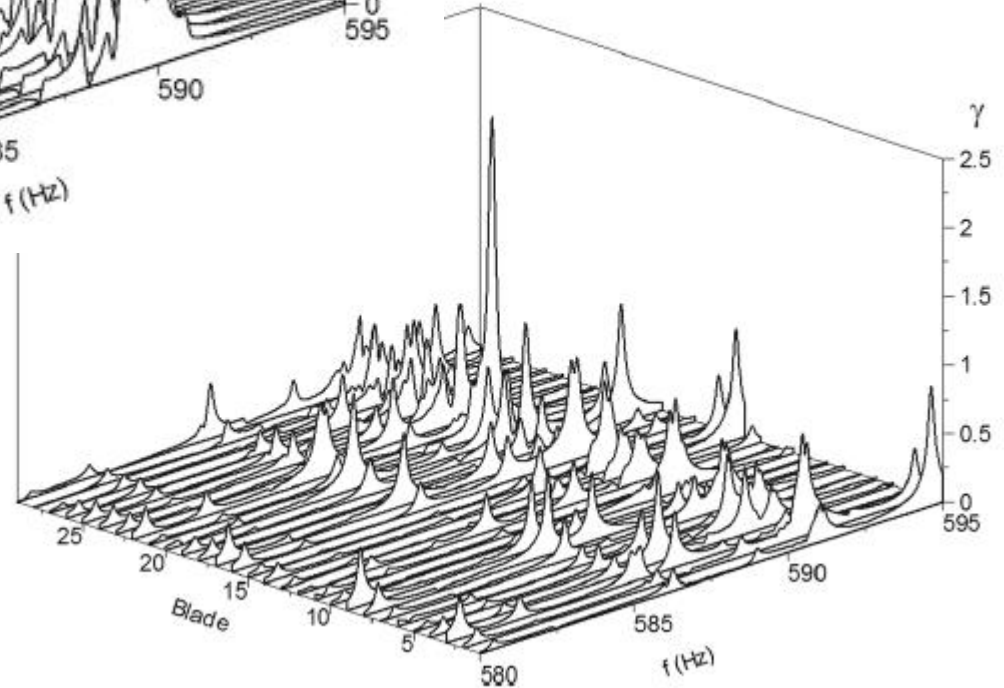
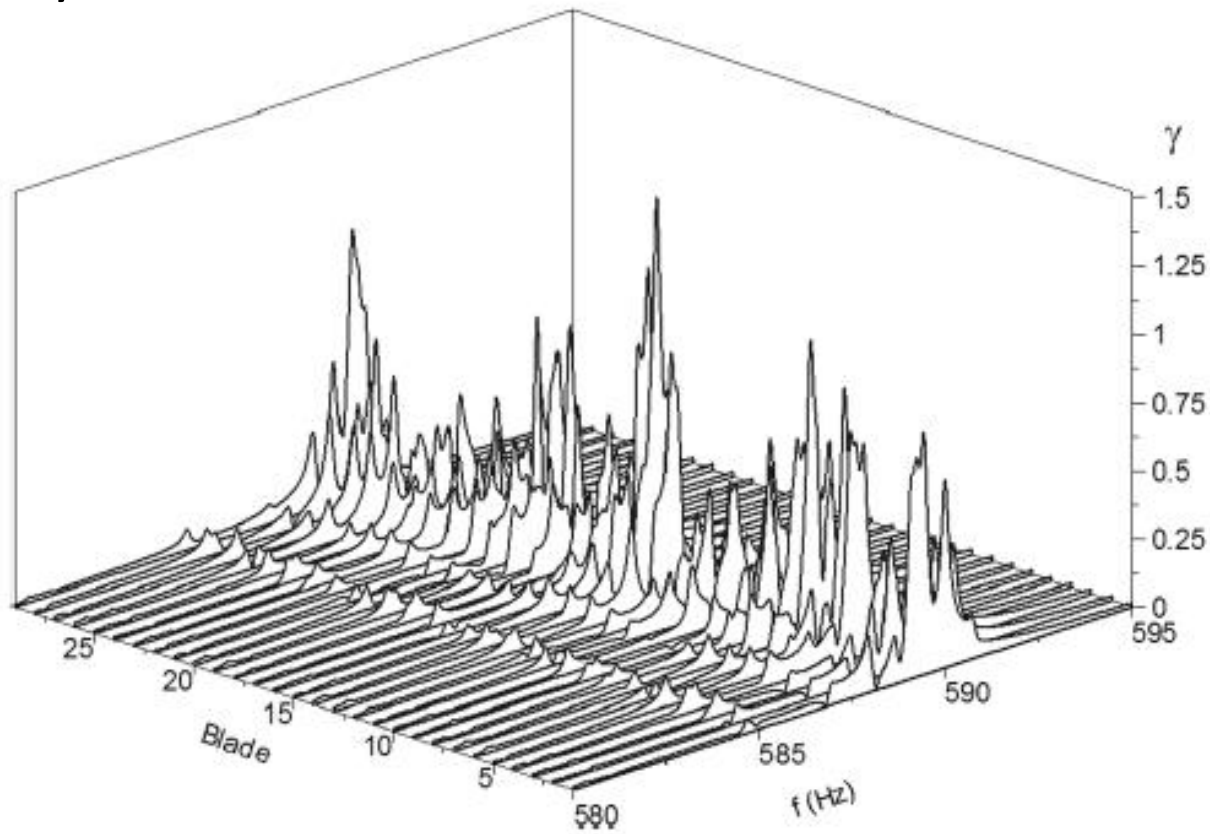
Oszillationen in Granularen Medien, Magnetofluiden, Elektrokonvektion



Stay tuned?



Stay tuned?



Alle für Einen, Einer für Alle!

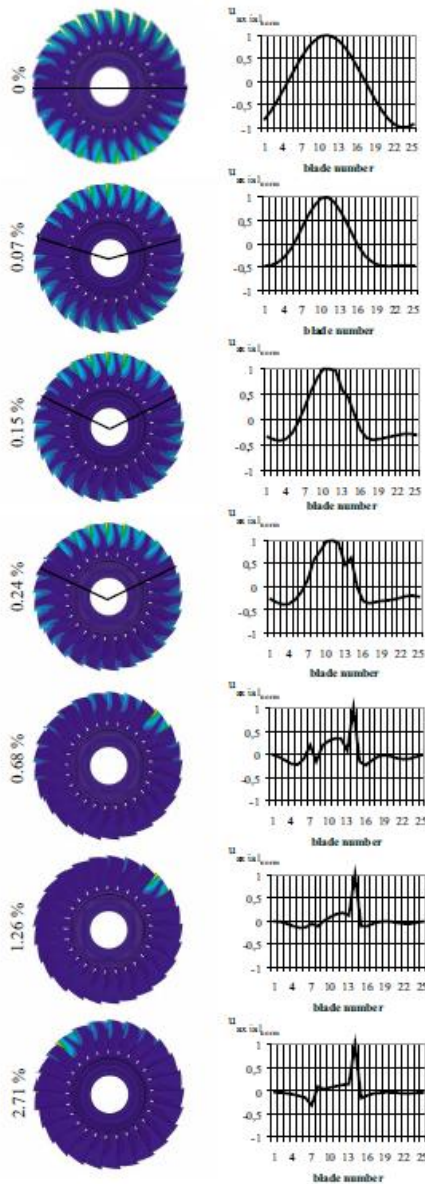


Fig. 8 Influence of different blade mistuning levels on vibration modes (first torsion modes, (M)CSMs 1; left: displacement amplitudes; right: normalized axial displacements at each leading edge blade tip)

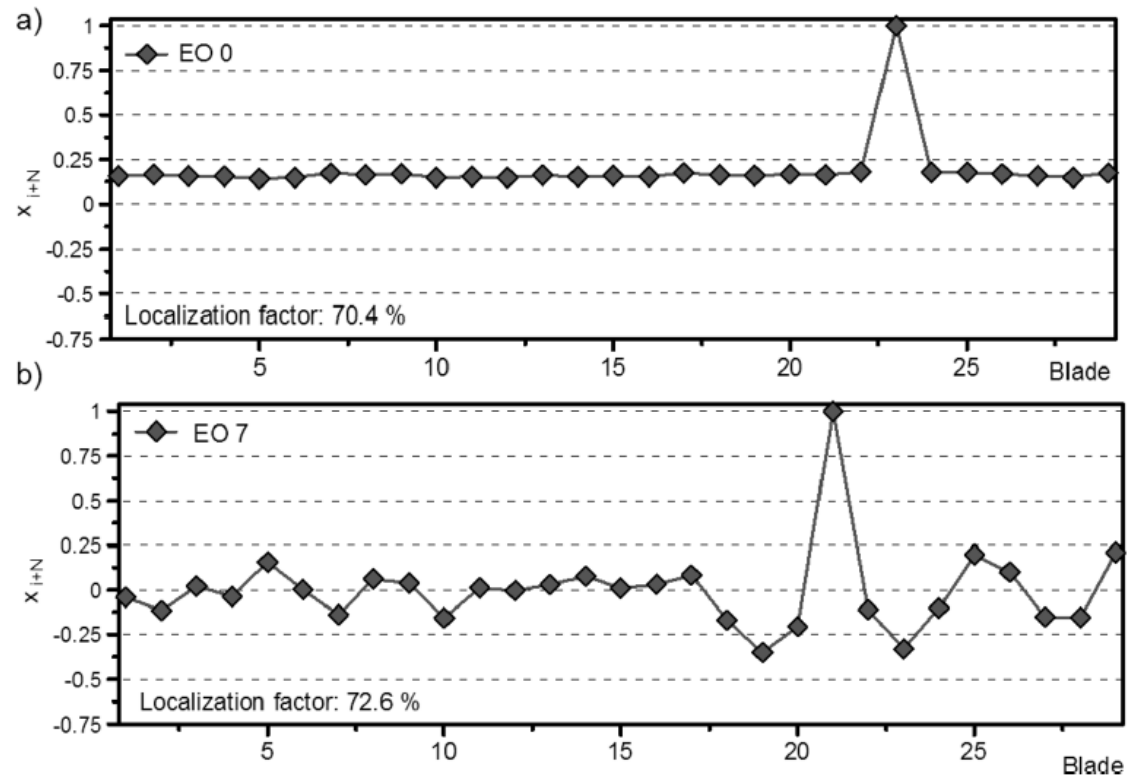


Fig. 12 Modes of vibration at maximum forced response (FSI not considered): (a) EO 0 / 1F and (b) EO 7 / 1F

It all started with.... Philip Warren Anderson in 1958?

PHYSICAL REVIEW

VOLUME 109, NUMBER 5

MARCH 1, 1958

Absence of Diffusion in Certain Random Lattices

P. W. ANDERSON

Bell Telephone Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey

(Received October 10, 1957)

This paper presents a simple model for such processes as spin diffusion or conduction in the "impurity band." These processes involve transport in a lattice which is in some sense random, and in them diffusion is expected to take place via quantum jumps between localized sites. In this simple model the essential randomness is introduced by requiring the energy to vary randomly from site to site. It is shown that at low enough densities no diffusion at all can take place, and the criteria for transport to occur are given.

I. INTRODUCTION

A NUMBER of physical phenomena seem to involve quantum-mechanical motion, without any par-

reasonably well, and to prove a theorem about the model. The theorem is that at sufficiently low densities, transport does not take place; the exact wave functions are localized in a small region of space. We also obtain



Vibration isolation from irregularity in a nearly periodic structure: Theory and measurements

C. H. Hodges and J. Woodhouse

Topexpress Ltd., 1 Portugal Place, Cambridge CB5 8AF, England

(Received 22 December 1982; accepted for publication 25 May 1983)

This article describes the theory and a simple experiment carried out to demonstrate the phenomenon of Anderson localization in an acoustical context. This is an effect whereby the propagation of vibration in a structure which is not entirely regular is impeded by the

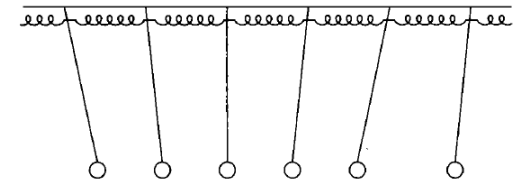
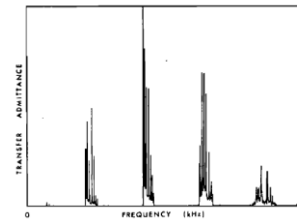


FIG. 1. Sketch of part of a chain of pendula coupled by springs.

Inhomogenitäten in linearen Systemen führen zu räumlicher Lokalisierung.



Eine andere Geschichte: Solitonen

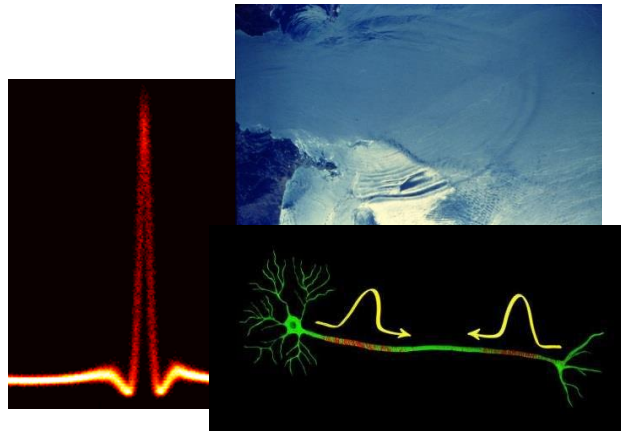
Lokalisierte nichtlineare Wellen.

1834

John Scott Russell
beobachtet die
"wave of translation"
Geburtsstunde des Solitons.

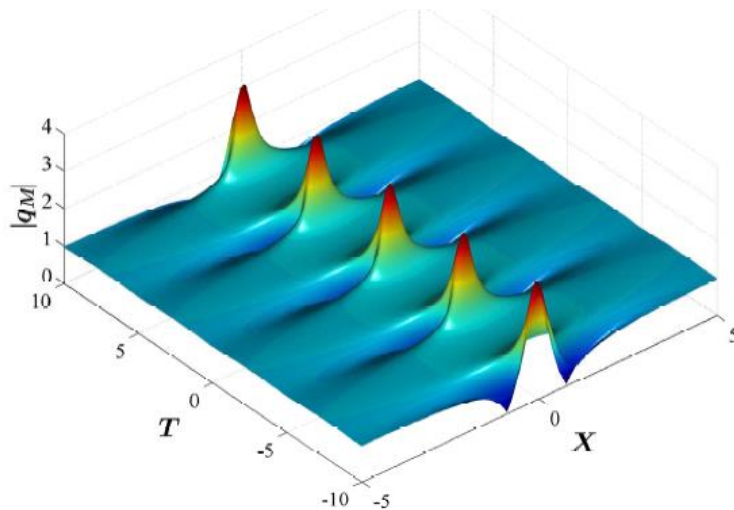
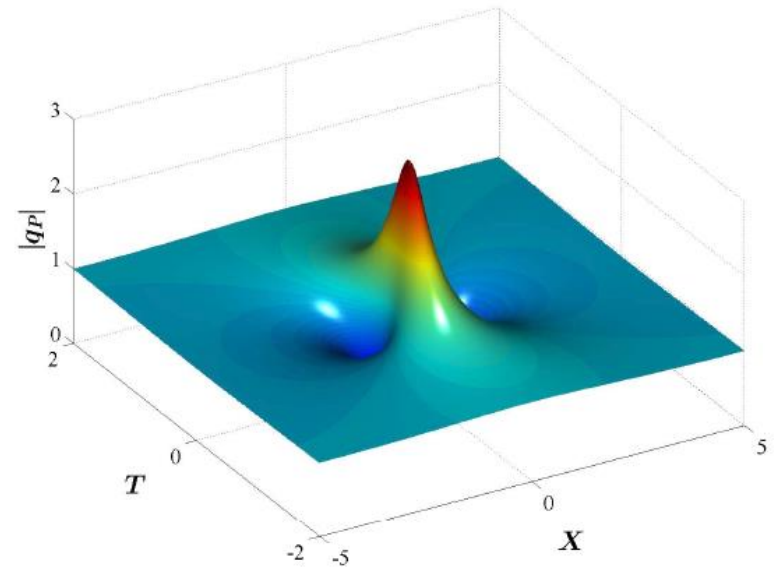
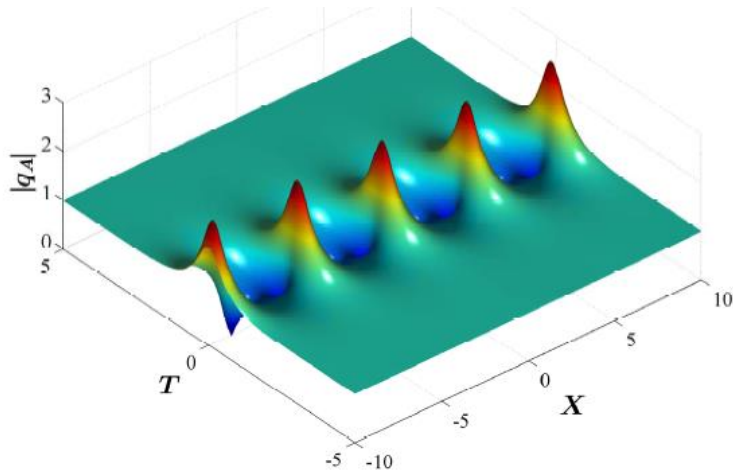


Heute:
Solitonen überall...

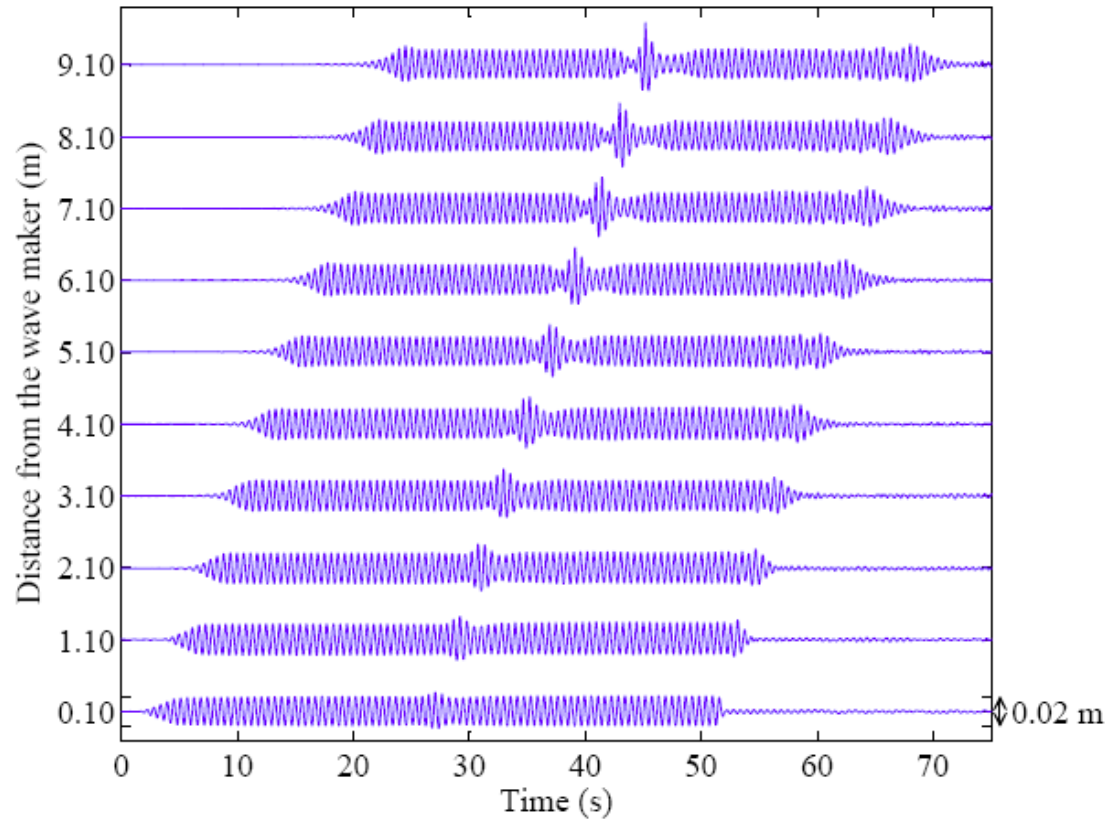


Nichtlinearität und Wellendispersion in Wechselwirkung.

Seit 1980: Solitonen und (k)ein Ende:
Atmer, mit Lokalisation in Raum und/oder Zeit

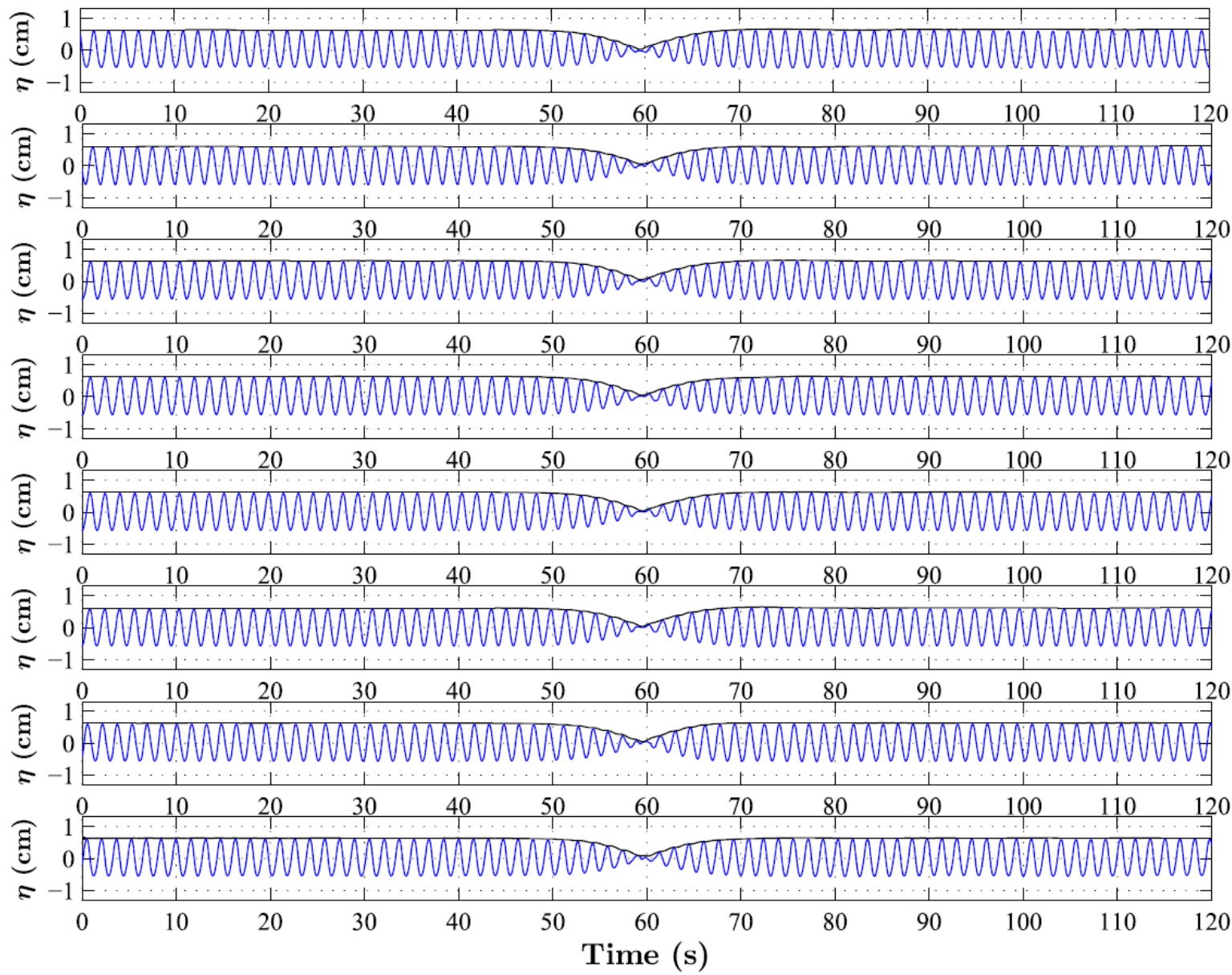


Wellenfokussierung 'aus dem Nichts'

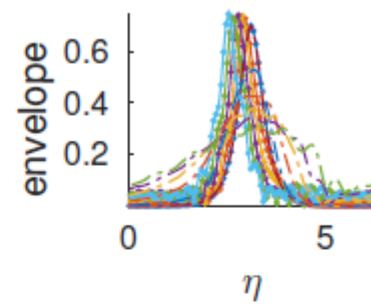
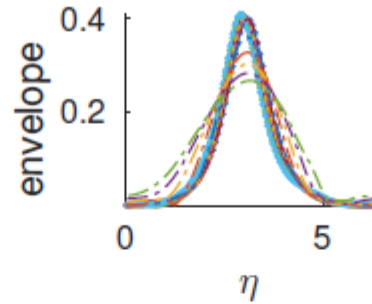
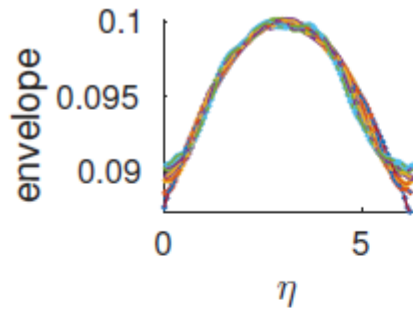
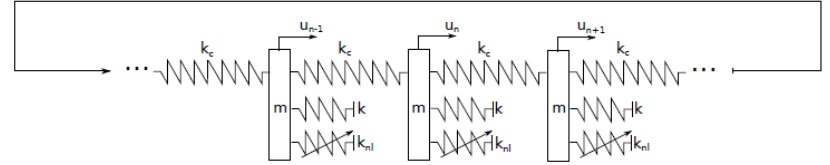




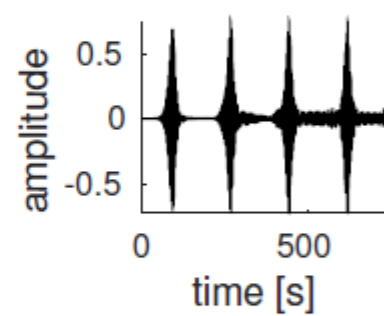
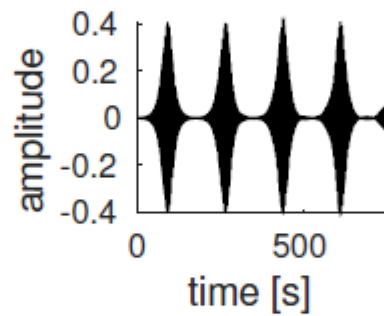
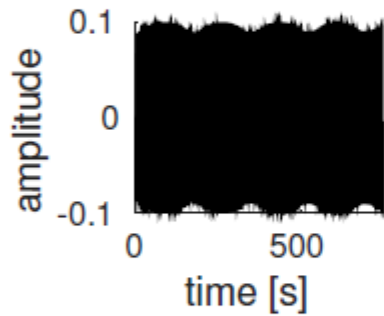
Dunkle Solitonen



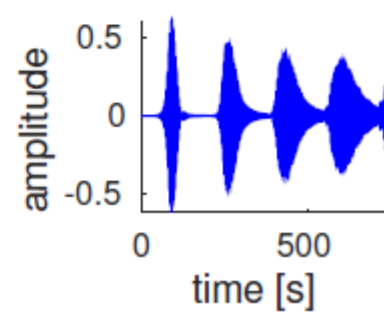
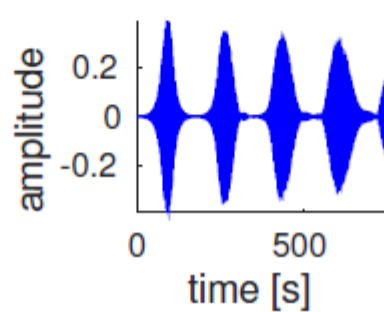
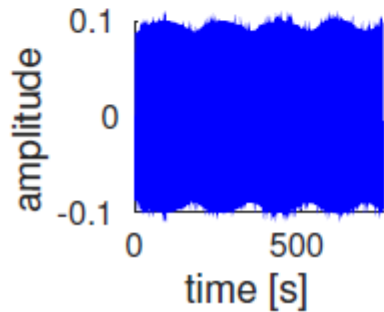
Helle Solitonen in Schwingerketten - Driftende Wellenpakete



Amplitude
über den
Umfang



Auslenkung
an einem
Punkt über
der Zeit



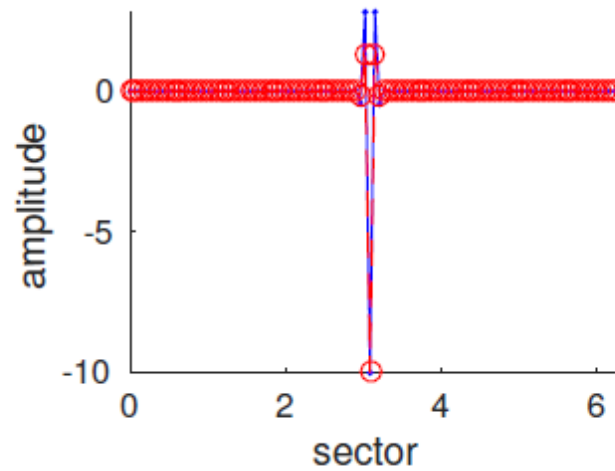
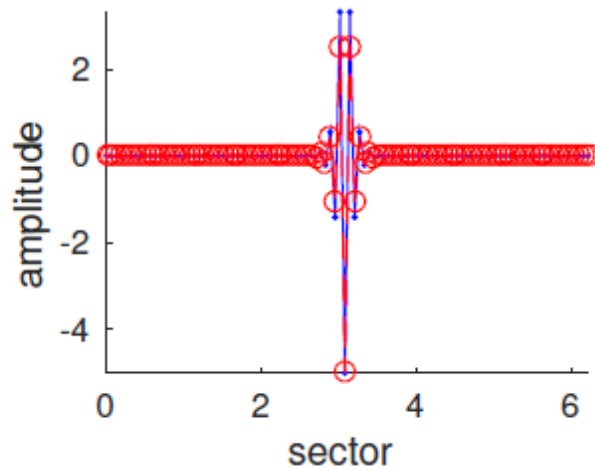
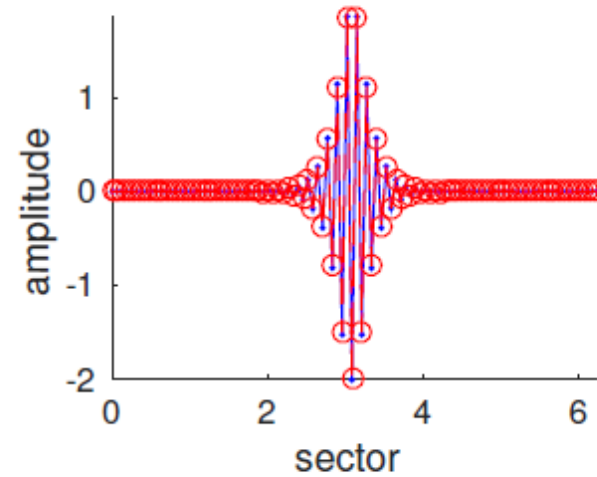
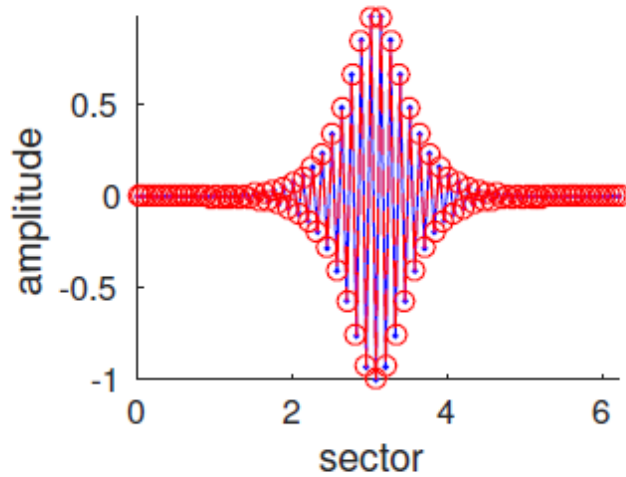
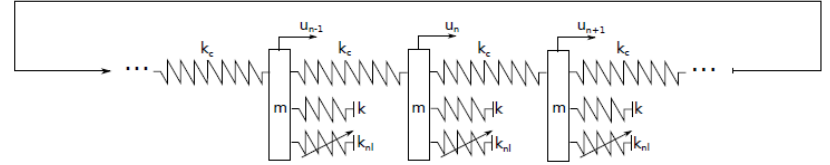
Lineares
System zum
Vergleich

kleine

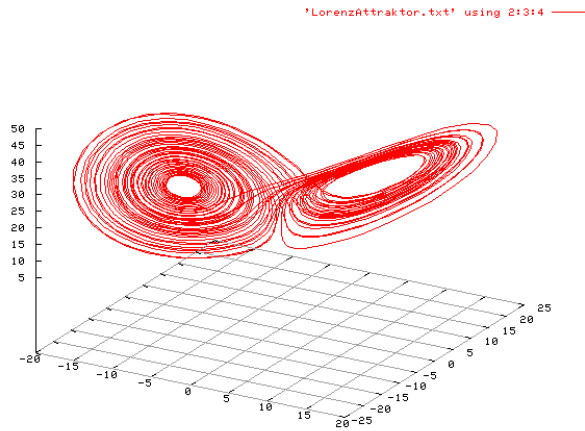
mittlere

große Amplitude

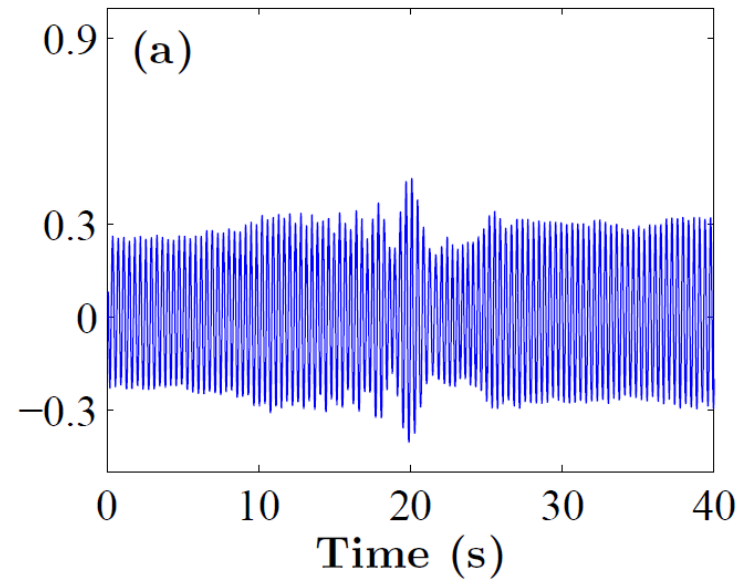
Intrinsisch Lokalisierte Moden, Diskrete Breather In Periodischen Strukturen



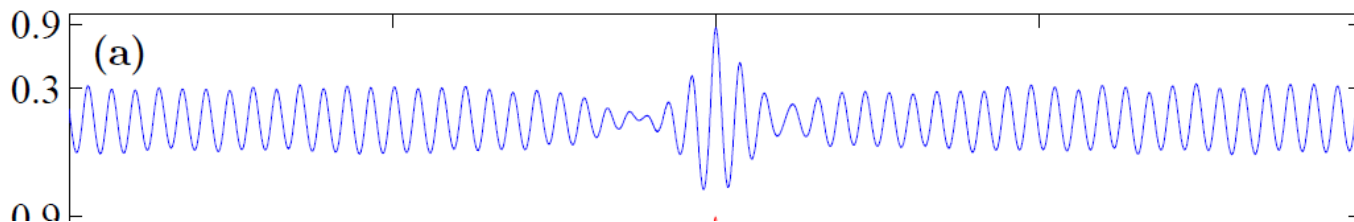
Und Chaos? Lokalisierung aus dem Rauschen.



Seltsamer
Attraktor



Chaotisches
Wellenfeld



Aus nichtlinearer Dynamik resultierendes lokales Ereignis.

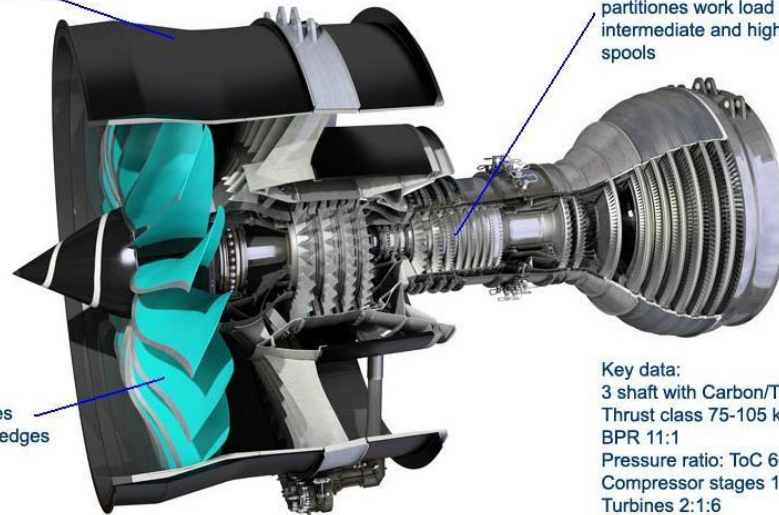
Ausblick

Advance

Carbon fibre fan casing

Carbon fibre fan blades with Titanium leading edges

Triple-shaft architecture with advanced new core which re-partitions work load between intermediate and high pressure spools



Key data:
3 shaft with Carbon/Ti fan
Thrust class 75-105 klbf
BPR 11:1
Pressure ratio: ToC 60+:1
Compressor stages 1:4:9
Turbines 2:1:6
TSFC - 5% vs. today's TXWB

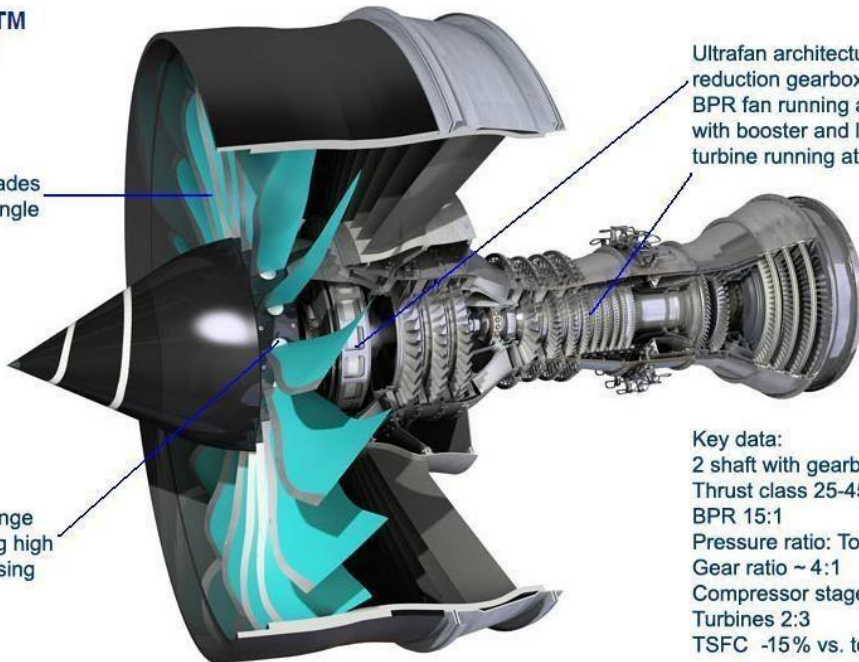
Leeham Co EU

Ultrafan™

Carbon Fibre fan blades with variable pitch angle

Fan blade pitch change mechanism enabling high efficiency and reversing of thrust

Ultrafan architecture with reduction gearbox, enabling high BPR fan running at low speed with booster and low pressure turbine running at high speed



Key data:
2 shaft with gearbox
Thrust class 25-45 klbf
BPR 15:1
Pressure ratio: ToC 70:1
Gear ratio ~ 4:1
Compressor stages 1:3:9
Turbines 2:3
TSFC -15% vs. today's GTF

Will be equipped with low weight nacelle as thrust reverse is in engine

Leeham Co EU

Herzlichen Glückwunsch!

Aus London vom Vibration UTC!