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Oxide growth and oxide/metal interaction in $\text{CeO}_x/\text{Ni}(111)$

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Ni/ceria catalysts exhibit a high activity and selectivity for CO_2 methanation, making them very promising candidates for applications within a sustainable economy. The redox properties of cerium oxide allow it to readily switch between Ce^{4+} and Ce^{3+} states, facilitating CO_2 activation and conversion. We have studied the so-called strong metal-metal oxide interactions in the inverse catalyst configuration $\text{CeO}_x/\text{Ni}(111)$ prepared by reactive molecular beam epitaxy in an oxygen atmosphere. Under specific growth conditions, the CeO_x (111)-oriented islands of different heights preferentially align in registry with the Ni(111) surface or are rotated azimuthally by $\pm 10^\circ$, as observed by low-energy electron diffraction. Analysis by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy reveals that during growth, partial oxidation of the Ni(111) surface leads to the formation of a NiO interface layer between the CeO_x islands and Ni substrate, resulting in a complex $\text{CeO}_x(111)/\text{NiO}(111)/\text{Ni}(111)$ system with significant oxide-metal interactions. Finally, when we expose the system to H_2 , O_2 , and CO_2 atmospheres, we observe a complex behavior of the cerium and nickel oxidation states, which correlate with morphological changes in the oxide islands.

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