

## Contribution submission to the conference Berlin 2024

### Oxide formation and oxide/metal interaction in $\text{CeO}_x/\text{Ni}(111)$

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Ni/ceria catalysts exhibit a high activity for methane to methanol conversion, making them very promising for applications within a sustainable economy. Possibly, their activity may be strongly enhanced due to the facile exchange between  $\text{Ce}^{4+}$  and  $\text{Ce}^{3+}$  states, with the latter likely responsible for activating O-H and C-H bonds. Here, we aim to unravel the complex metal-oxide interactions in the inverse  $\text{CeO}_x/\text{Ni}(111)$  system under oxidizing and reducing environments. Using low-energy electron diffraction (LEED) we find that the  $\text{CeO}_x(111)$  grown by reactive molecular beam epitaxy preferentially aligns with the main directions of the Ni(111) substrate or is azimuthally rotated by  $\pm 10^\circ$ . By using X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy (UPS), we find that less NiO is formed during deposition of  $\text{CeO}_x$  than when it is held without ceria at the same conditions ( $\text{O}_2$  partial pressure and temperature). Finally, we observe a complex behavior of the cerium and nickel oxidation states when exposing the system to  $\text{O}_2$  or  $\text{H}_2$  atmospheres.

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